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PORTUGAL.**LISBON—Smallpox.**

The following information is received from the American consul at Lisbon through the Department of State:

For the last three months there has been a considerable increase in the number of cases of smallpox in this city. For the first three months of this year the number of cases reported weekly averaged 18. During the month of April the number of cases reported reached the average of 34 weekly, the number of deaths during the month being 23. During the six weeks ended June 11 the weekly average was 39, and the number of deaths in that period was 43. During the last six weeks the weekly average has risen to 45, the number of cases for the week ending July 16 being 56 and for the week ending July 23, 65. Deaths during this period have not yet been reported. The great increase in the number of cases reported in the last two weeks is due to the energetic measures lately taken by the health authorities to hunt out all cases. The disease is practically confined to two centers close to each other in the older, poorer, and most crowded part of the city. When cases occur the families of the patients endeavor to hide the fact and usually succeed until, as now, the trouble assumes such proportions as to attract the notice of the health authorities. Vigorous methods are being used to combat the disease by quarantine, isolation, or removal to special hospitals.

RUSSIA.**LIBAU—Inspection of Vessels—Smallpox.**

Acting Assistant Surgeon De Forest reports that 921 emigrants to the United States were examined for the steamship *Lituanian*, sailing from Libau on August 2; 9 emigrants were rejected, of which 2 had smallpox.

During the week ended July 17 there were reported in Libau 6 cases of smallpox and 1 death.

RIGA—Typhus Fever—Smallpox—Cholera.

Acting Assistant Surgeon De Forest reports that during the week ended July 23 there were reported in Riga 18 cases of typhus fever, 58 cases of smallpox, and 23 cases of dysentery, and that during the week ended July 29 cases of cholera appeared.

ST. PETERSBURG—Cholera—Plague.

Acting Assistant Surgeon De Forest reports that during the week ended July 29 there were reported in St. Petersburg 343 cases of cholera, with 102 deaths, and that in the suburbs 31 cases, with 2 deaths, were reported. Cases of suspected cholera are as numerous as those positively diagnosed and reported as such, and the case mortality rate is about the same. It is impossible to say how many of the suspected cases are actually cholera.

The American consul at St. Petersburg reports that during the week ended May 7, 1910, there were 2 deaths from plague in that city, and that during the week ended May 28 another death occurred. The 3 cases are reported to have been in workmen who came to the city with the disease. Their clothing and effects were burned and the places where they lived disinfected. It is not known where they came from. It is stated that they were engaged in sorting wool.